CENTRAL COUNCIL OF INDIAN MEDICINE NEW DELHI

SYLLABUS OF MAHIRE TIB-TASHREEHUL BADAN (M.S. ANATOMY)

(MASTER OF SURGERY-ANATOMY)

3 YEARS DEGREE COURSE



SYLLABUS OF MAHIRE TIB-TASHREEHUL BADAN (M.S. ANATOMY)

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Preliminary Examination

Paper –I

Part-A

Research Methodology and Biostatistics

Time: 3 hours Maximum Mark: 100
Minimum passing Mark: 50

Research Methodology

1. Types of research

- a) Literary research
- b) Clinical research
- c) Experimental research
- d) Observation and field studies

2. Trends and possibilities of R&D of Unani drugs

3. Research problems

- a) Definition
- b) Selection and sources of research problems

4. Hypothesis

Types: Null and alternate hypothesis

5. Research designs

Types of research designs

6. Controls in research designs

- a) Selection criteria
- b) Placebo and plain control
- c) Randomization
- d) Balancing and matching

7. Factors effecting research results

8. Tools and techniques in research

- a) Interview, questionnaire, inventories, scales
- b) Rating scales

9. Computer programme used in research

- a) Minitab
- b) SPSS

10. Protocols for research and report writing

- a) Protocols for experimental, clinical and community based research
- b) Writing research report
- c) References in research report
 - Books
 - Journals
 - Compendia
 - Bulletins
 - WHO Report
 - Internet sites

11.Guide lines for research

- a) WHO
- b) ICMR
- c) CPCSEA

Part - B

Bio-Statistics

Scope and utility of Biostatistics

1. Descriptive statistics:-

- a) Analysis of Data:
 - Data collection, tabulation and presentation of data
 - Measure of central tendency—Mean, Median and Mode
 - Measures of dispersion: Range, quartile deviation, standard deviation

b) Probability:

- Definition and laws of probability
- Types of probability distribution
- NPC and its application size
- Randomized samples

c) Sampling:

- Types and sample size
- Randomized sampling

2. Inferential statistics:-

- a) Correlation and linear regression:
 - Karl Pearson correlation coefficient
 - Linear regression equations

b) Test of significance:

- 't' test
- 'z' test

c) Test of variance:

- ANOVA one way
- ANOVA two way
- X²

d) Non-parametric tests

- Median test, Mann-Whitney U test
- Kruskal-Wallis test, Fried test

3. Vital statistics

- a) Rate and Ratios
- b) Standardization of population
- c) Risk factors

Preliminary Examination

Paper-II

Part A

Tashreehul Badan se muta'alliq Tibbe Unani ke bunyadi usoolo ka etlaaqi nazariya

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Mark: 100

Minimum Passing Marks: 50

- 1. Concept of Anasir e arba- regarding formation of Human body
- 2. Tashreehi Istlahaat (Anatomical terminology)
- 3. Concept of Aaza according to fundamentals of Unani Tib
 - a) Detail study of composition of Aaza (Tarkeeb e Aaza) with reference to Anasir arba.
 - b) Definition and classification of Aaza (Organs).
 - c) Description of Aaza-e- Mufridah or Baseetah (Simple organs) and Aza-e-Murakkibah (Compound organs) with recent advancement in Anatomy (Tashreehul Badan).

Description of Aaza-e- Mufridah or Baseetah (Simple organs)

- 1. Izaam (bones).
- 2. Ghazarif (cartilages) deferent types and their site with importance.
- 3. Rebatat (ligaments).e.g. rebatat-e-mafasil,etc.
- 4. Awtar (tendons).
- 5. Aghshiya (membranes) e.g. peritoneum, pleura, pericardium, meninges etc.
- 6. Shahm (fat) e.g. omentum, mesentery, paranephric pad of fat.
- 7. Lahm (muscles) skeletal muscles, cardiac muscles, smooth muscles.
- 8. A'asab (nerves) spinal and cranial nerves.

<u>Aza-e-Murakkibah</u> (Compound organs)

1. Quwa-e-Tabiyah (physical organs)

- These organs further divided into:-
 - (i) **Aaza-e- ghaza-** which act into the aliments for the preservation of individual.
 - (ii) Aaza-e-tanasul- which function for the preservation of species.

(i) Aaza-e- Ghiza(nutritive organs) are two types:-

- a) Aaza-e- hazm(digestive organs).
- b) Aaza-e-Nafdh (excretory organs).

a) Aaza-e-hazm(digestive organs), these are:-

- > Fam(oral cavity),
- > Asnan(teeth),
- ➤ Ghudad-e-lu'abiyah(salivary glands),
- ➤ Halaq(pharynx),
- ➤ Mari(oesophagus),
- ➤ Mi'dah(stomach),
- ➤ Am'a(intestine),
- ➤ Kabid(liver),
- ➤ Mararah(gall bladder),
- ➤ Bangaras(pancreas).

b) Aaza-e-Nafdh (excretory organs), these are:-

- Kuliyatain (kidneys),
- ➤ Halibain (ureters),
- ➤ Masanah (urinary bladder),
- ➤ Majra-e-baul (urethra).

(ii)A'za-e-Tanasul (genital organs) are two types:-

- a) Male genital organs
- b) Female genital organs

a) Male genital organs these are:-

- ➤ Khusiyatain (testes),
- > Aghdidus(epididymis),
- ➤ Majra-e-mani(vas deferens),

- ➤ Aw'iyah-e-mani(seminal vesicle),
- Qazif-e-mani(ejaculatory duct),
- > Zakar or qazeeb(penis),
- ➤ Ghudda-e-mazi(prostate gland),
- ➤ Ghudda-e-basli ihli(bulbo urethral glands).

b) Female genital organs these are:-

- ➤ Khussyah-e-raham(ovary),
- > Raham(uterus),
- ➤ Qazif-e-rahman(uterine tube),
- ➤ Mahbal(vagina),
- > Farj(vulva)

2. Aaza-e-Nafsaniyah (Mental organs).

- ❖ The compound organs pertaining to quwat —e- nafsaniyahare known as a'zae-nafsaniyah. These organs are classified into:-
- (i) Markazi(central)
- (ii) Muhiti (peripheral) aaza-e- nafsaniyah.

(i) Markazi(central) Aaza-e-nafsaniyah these are:-

- Dimagh(brain),
- ➤ Dimagh-e-muqaddam(fore brain),
- Dimagh-e-mutawassit(mid brain)
- Dimagh-e-mu'akhkhar(hind brain),
- Nukha (spinal cord).

(ii) Muhiti (peripheral) Aaza-e-nafsaniyah these are:-

- Jumjumi a'sab (cranial nerves),
- Nukha'i a'sab (spinal nerves),
- ➤ Asbi aqa'id (nerve ganglia) 'ain (eye),
- ➤ Uzn (ear), anaf (nose),
- Lisan (tongue),
- > Jild (skin).

3. Aaza-e-haywaniah (vital organs)

- * The organs pertaining to circulation of blood and respiration are known as Aaza-e-haywaniah these are:-
- > Qalb (heart),
- ➤ Sharayin (arteries),
- > Awridah (veins),
- > Urooq sha'riyah (capillaries),
- Urooq-e- limfavia (lymphatic vessels) .
- ➤ Hanjarah (larynx),
- Qasbat-ur-riya (trachea),
- > Shu'batain-ur-riya (bronchii),
- ➤ Urooq-e-khashinah (bronchioles),
- ➤ Ria'tain (lungs),
- > Sadr (thorax),
- > Aghshiyah-e-riya (pleurae),
- ➤ Hijab-e-hajiz (diaphragm)

Part B

- 1. Tarikh -e-Ilm-e- Tashreeh-ul- Badan (History of Anatomy).
- 2. Afaal tashreeh (Functional Anatomy)in relation to Unani concept
- 3. Ilmul mafasil (Arthology).
- 4. Preservation of cadaver, specimens, and embalming.

Preliminary Examination

Practical and viva voce

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Mark: 100

Minimum Passing Marks: 50

First Year Practical

- 1. Aaza (Organs) Gross anatomy:
- 2. Embalming and Preservation of cadavers.
- 3. Preparation of tanks for preserving bodies
- 4. Dissection of cadaver/SynDaver /audio video visual aid
- 5. Window dissection of important regions
- 6. Preparation of specimens for museum with display

Paper -I

<u>Tashreeh-e-Janeeni, Naseeji wa Ilmul Nasl</u> (Embryology, Microscopic Anatomy and Genetics)

Time: 3 Hours Maximum Mark: 100

Minimum Passing Marks: 50

Section – A

1. Ilmul Janeen (Developmental Anatomy/Embryology:

- a) Ilmul Janeen Umoomi (General Embryology)
- b) Ilmul Janeen Nizami (Systemic Embryology), Congenital Abnormalities with teratogenesis.
- c) Khalqi naqayes ki Munafeul Azai ta'alluq (Physiological correlations of congenital anomalies).

$\underline{Section-B}$

- 1. Hayatiyati Khalyah (Cell Biology), Ilm-e-Nasiji , Kimiyawi –wa-Ilmul Nasl (Histology Histochemistry, Genetics):
 - a) **Cytoplasm:** Cytoplasmic Matrix, Cell Membrane, Cell Organelles, Cytoskeleton, Cell Inclusions, Cilia and Flagella.
 - b) Collection, Maintenance and Application of Stem Cells, Cryobanking and Principles of Organ Donation from recently dead bodies.
 - c) **Nawat(Nucleus):-** Nuclear Envelope, Nuclear Matrix, DNA and other components of Chromatin, Protein Synthesis, Nucleolus, Nuclear Changes Indicating Cell Death.
 - d) Cell cycle:- Mitosis, Meiosis, Cell Renewal.
 - e) Khalyati Tafreeq aur Takasur (Cellular Differentiation and Proliferation).
 - f) Jism ki Khurdbeeni Saakht (Microscopic structure of the body):

- g) **Jismani Nezan wa a'aza (The systems/organs of body):-** Cellular Organization, Light and Electron Microscopic Features, Structure Function Correlations, and Cellular Organization.
- h) **Ajsam-e-Malonah** (**Human Chromosomes**):- Structure, Number and classification, methods of chromosome preparation banding patterns. Chromosome abnormalities,
- i) Autosomal and Sex Chromosomal Abnormalities Syndromes, Molecular and Cytogenetics.
- j) **Single Gene Pattern Inheritance:-** Autosomal and Sex Chromosomal Pattern of Inheritance, Intermediate Pattern and Multiple Alleles, Mutations, Non-Mendelian Inheritance, Mitochondrial Inheritance, Genome Imprinting, Parental Disomy.
- k) **Multifactorial Pattern of Inheritance:-** Criteria for multi factorial in heritance, Teratology, Structure gene, Molecular Screening, Cancer Genetics -Haematological malignancies, Pharmacogenetics.
- 1) **Reproduction Genetics:** Male and Female Infertility, Assisted reproduction, Preimplantation genetics, Prenatal diagnosis, Genetic Counselling and Ethics of Genetics.
- m) Principles of Gene therapy and its applied knowledge.
- n) Immune system and cell types involved in defence mechanism clinical significance of major histocompatibility complex, Immunohistochemical techniques.

Paper-II

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Mark: 100

Minimum Passing Marks: 50

<u>Tashreeh-e- A'asabi</u> (Neuroanatomy)

- 1. Dimagh (Brain),
- 2. Nizam-e- A'asab ki Baleedgi (Development of the Nervous System)
- 3. Asabi Khalyat wa Neuragliya (Neuron and Neuroglia)
- 4. Tariq-e- Shammi wa Basari (Olfactory and optic pathways)
- 5. Tariq-e- Dehlizi Qauqa'i wa Zawaqa (Cochleovestibular and Gustatory Pathways)
- 6. Tariq-e- Harqi wa Hissi (Motor and Sensory Pathways)
- 7. Tariq-e- Markazi Ghair Eradi (Central Autonomic Pathways)
- 8. Nizaminukhami wa Sarir-e- Tahtani (Hypothalamo-Hypophyseal System)
- 9. Limbic system, Qaeid-e- Nawati (Basal Nuclei)
- 10.Nizam-e-Shabki (Reticular System)
- 11.Dimagh wa Nukha ka Tashreehi Mustaraz Trash (Cross Sectional anatomy of brain and Spinal cord)
- 12. Asab-e- Leefi (Nerve fibres), Zafiraat-e- Asabi (Nerve Plexuses),
- 13. Majmo-e- Sareri (Thalamic complex)
- 14. Nizam-e-Batani (Ventricular system).
- 15.Nizam-e- A'asab ka Tafsili Muta'ala Itlaaqi wa Saakht ke hisaab se (Detailed structure of the Central Nervous System and its applied aspect).

Paper -III

Time: 3 Hours Maximum Mark: 100

Minimum Passing Marks: 50

<u>Tashreeh-e-Satahi wa Shoaai</u> (Surface and Radio Anatomy)

- 1. Badan ke Mukhtalif Raqbaat ki Tashreeh-e-Sathi(Surface marking of all regions of the body).
- 2. Interpretation of normal radiographs of the body including special contrast procedures and radio imaging.

Paper- IV

Time: 3 Hours Maximum Mark: 100

Minimum Passing Marks: 50

<u>Tashreeh-e-Itlaaqi wa Jadeed Tehqiqat (Applied Human Anatomy and recent advances) wa Tashreeh-e-Qanooni (Forensic Anatomy)</u>

- 1. Clinical correlations of structures and functions of human body. Anatomical basis and explanations for clinical problems.
- 2. Applications of knowledge of developmental, Structural (Microscopy), Neuroanatomy to Comprehend Deviations from normal.
- 3. Recent advances in medical sciences which facilitate comprehension of structure function correlations and applications in clinical problem solving
- 4. Tashreeh-e- Qanooni (Forensic Anatomy)
- 5. Badni Ezaam ki Shanakht (Identification of Human Bones) from their remains and Jins, Umar, Qad-o-Qamat ka Ta'ayyuntashreeh ka Itlaq Tibbi Qanooni ke Liye (Determination of Sex, Age, and Height for Medico Legal application of Anatomy).

Final Year Practical

Time: 3 Hours Maximum Mark: 100

Minimum Passing Marks: 50

- 1. Microteaching of a short topic to assess teaching skills.
- 2. A short synopsis of the thesis work should be presented by the post graduate student.
- 3. Grand viva including Gross anatomy, cross sectional anatomy, radiological Anatomy, Surface Anatomy, Embryology.
- 4. Practical and Oral/Viva-Voce Examination- Practical Examination to be organized as per details given below:
- Histology spotting and Histological techniques.
- Surface Marking.
- Preparation and preservation of bones/ skeleton as assigned by the faculty.

Recommended list of Text Books and Journals

- 1. Kamilussanah Abul Hasan Ali Ibne Abbas Majoosi.
- 2. Firdousul Hikmat -Ali ibn Sahl Rabban Tabri.
- 3. Kitabul Mansoori, Abu Bakar Mohd Bin Zakariya Razi
- 4. Al Qanoon Fit Tib- Sheikh bu Ali ibne Sina,
- 5. Kitabul Kulliyat Ibn-e Rushd
- 6. Takweemul Abdan- Ibn-e Jazla
- 7. Second and Third Maqala- Ibnul Qaf
- 8. Kitabul Kifaya -Abdul Latif Baghdadi
- 9. Kitabul Janeen Abdul Latif Baghdadi
- 10.Kitabul Azal- Abdul Latif Baghdadi
- 11.Zakhira-e- Khawarizm Shahi-Ismail Jurjani
- 12. Tashreeh-e- Sageer- Hakeem Kabiruddin
- 13. Tashreeh-e- Kabeer- Hakeem Kabbeeruddin
- 14. Kulliyat-e- Asari -Prof Syed Ishtiaq Ahmad
- 15.A Text Book on Kulliya-e- Umoor –e Taiyah -Prof Iqtidarul Hasan Zaidi.
- 16. Tashreehul Ezaam Dr. Shabbir Ahmad.
- 17. Tashreehul Azlaat Dr. Shabbir Ahmad
- 18.Ishrah- Hakeem Syed Kamaluddin Husain Hamdani
- 19. Tashreeh-ul-Ahsha- Hakeem Mohd Ahmad Lari

Gross Anatomy:-

- 1. Susan Strandring, Gray's Anatomy, The anatomical basis of clinical practice, Churchill Livingstone Elsevier.
- 2. Dutta A.K, Human Anatomy vol. I-III, Current Publisher.
- 3. Dutta A.K, Principle of General Anatomy, Current Publisher.
- 4. Romanes, Cunningham's Manual of Practical Anatomy vol. I-III, Oxford.
- 5. Keith and Moore Clinical Oriented Anatomy, Lippincot Williams and Willkins.
- 6. R.S Snell. Clinical Anatomy by regions, Lippincot Williams and Wilkins.
- 7. J.V. Basmajin, Grant's Method of Anatomy, Williams and Wilkins.
- 8. R.J. Last, Anatomy Regional and Applied, Churchill Livingston.
- 9. Lee Mc Gregar, Surgical Anatomy, K.M. Varghese.

- 10.A.G. R Deckeg, D.J du Pless Lee. Mc Gregor's Synopsis of Surgical Anatomy, Varghese Publishing House.
- 11. Snell. Clinical anatomy by regions, Lippincotts, Williams and Wilkins.
- 12.S. Chummy Sinnatanmy, Last's Anatomy Regional and Applied, Churchill Livingston.
- 13. Hollinshed W Henry, Anatomy for surgeons. Vol. I-III Lippincotts, Williams and Wilkins.
- 14. Vishram Singh, Clinical and Surgical Anatomy, Elsevier.
- 15. Vishram Singh, Textbook of general anatomy, Elsevier.
- 16. Frank H. Netter, Atlas of Human Anatomy, Saunders Elsevier.

Histology:-

- 1. Young B. and Heath J., Wheater's Functional Histology, Churchill Livingstone.
- 2. M.H. E Ross, Histology: A textbook and atlas, Williams and Wilkins.
- 3. V. Bharihoke, Text book of human histology, Delhi AITBS.
- 4. Diffore's Atlas of histology with functional co-relation.
- 5. Bloom and Fawcett, Text book of histology.
- 6. Carlton's Histology Technique.
- 7. E.C. Clayden, Practical of section cutting and staining.
- 8. D W Cormack, Ham's Histology, Lippincotts, Williams and Wilikins.
- 9. Bloom and Fawcett, Textbook of Histology.
- 10. Hamilton Text Book of Anatomy
- 11. James Lumely, Surface Anatomy
- 12. Surface Anatomy & Radiology ,W J Hamilton
- 13.Text Book of Anatomy ,B D Chaurasia (vol. 1-4)

Genetics:-

- 1. J.S Thompson and Thompson, Genetics in medicine, W.B. Saunders and Co.Philadelphia, London.
- 2. George Fraser and Oliver Mayo, Text book of Human Genetics. Blackwell Scientific Publications London, Oxford Edinburg, Melbourne.
- 3. Hann Sellwerger and Jame Simpson, Chromosomes of Man, Sparsher's International Medical Publications.

Embryology:-

- 1. Hamilton, Boyd and Mossman, Human Embryology.
- 2. TW Sadler, Langman's Medical Embryology, Lippincotts, Williams and Wilikins.
- 3. Keith L Moore and T.V.N. Persaud, The Developing Human, Saunders.
- 4. Rani Kumar, Text book of embryology, I.K. International New Delhi

Neuroanatomy:-

- 1. Richard S. Snell, Clinical Neuroanatomy for Medical Students, Williams and Wilkins.
- 2. A. Parent, Carpenter's Human Neuroanatomy, Williams and Wilkins.
- 3. Vishram Singh, Clinical Neuroanatomy, Elsevier.
- 4. A. K. Dutta, Essentials of Neuroanatomy, Current books International.
- 5. John A. Kiernan, Barr's the human nervous system, Lippincott, Williams and Wilkins.

Radiology:-

- 1. T.B. Moeller et.al. Sectional Anatomy CT and MRI Vol. I, II, III New York, Theme Stuttgart.
- 2. J.B. Walter et.al., Basic Atlas of Sectional Anatomy with correlated imaging, Saunders Elsevier.

Surface anatomy:-

- 1. SP John, Lumley Editors, Surface Anatomy, The Anatomical Basis of Clinical Examination, London: Churchill Livingstone.
- 2. A. Halim and A.C. Das, Surface Anatomy Lucknow, ASI, KGMC.

Biostatistics:-

- 1. INSA Guidelines for care and use of animals in Research, ICMR Publications, 2000
- 2. CPCSEA Guide lines,ICMR Publications,2001
- 3. Ethical Guide lines for Biomedical research in human subjects, ICMR Publications, 2000

- 4. ICMR Guide lines on animal use, ICMR Publications, 2001
- 5. Clinical Research in Traditional Medicine by DR. Ghazala Javed
- 6. David E. Matthews and Vernon T. Farewell, Using and Understanding Medical Statistics, Karger Publishers.

Journals:-

1. 03-05 international Journals and 02 national (all indexed) journals.
